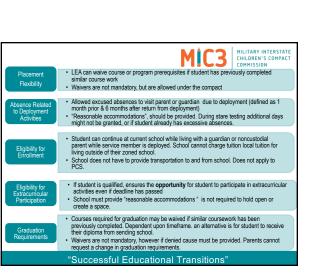
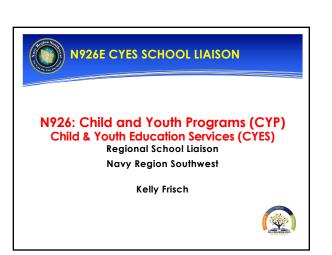


	MIC3 MILITARY INTERSTATE CHILDREN'S COMPACT COMMISSION	
COMPACT PROVISIONS		
	Four areas:	
INTERSTATE COMPACT ON EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR MILITARY CHILDREN	1. Transfer of Records and Enrollment	
COMPACT RULES	2. Graduation	
Adapted Insention 2004, animologi October 2112 and 2111	3. Placement and Attendance	
Second Editors (Second Editor	4. Eligibility	
MIC3	www.mic3.net: <u>https://bit.lv/2RiFA2A</u>	
"Successful E	ducational Transitions"	

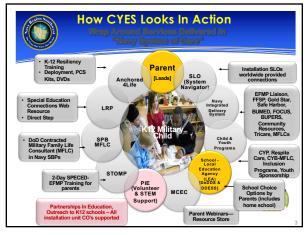




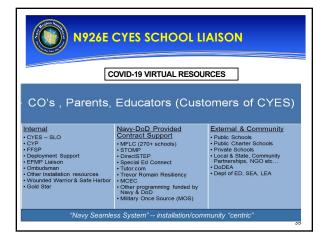
	MIC3 MILITARY INTERSTAL CHILDREN'S COMPACE COMMISSION
Educational Records	Unofficial copy of student records prepared by sending school     Can be charged for copies     Sending school must provide official transcript within 10 days of request from the     receiving school.
Immunizations	<ul> <li>Student has 30 days from enrollment to get additional required immunizations. If the immunizations are a series of shots, then the first shot in the series must be received within 30 days.</li> <li>TB testing is not an immunization &amp; may be required prior to enrollment.</li> </ul>
K & 1 <sup>st</sup> grade	Must continue grade K or 1 if previously started this grade at an accredited school before transferring     Does not apply if student has not previously been enrolled and attended, even if eligible to have been enrolled     Additional documentation may be required by the school
Course & Educational Program Placement	<ul> <li>School must initially honor enrollment in gifted &amp; talented, ESOL, honors, AP, IB, and vocational classes if previously enrolled at sending school, but can test to ensure continued enrollment.</li> <li>Schools are not required to create a class or additional space</li> </ul>
Special Education Services	School must provide comparable (not same) services for students with IEP     Can conduct an evaluation to determine appropriate placement & ensure appropriate     accommodations
	"Successful Educational Transitions"



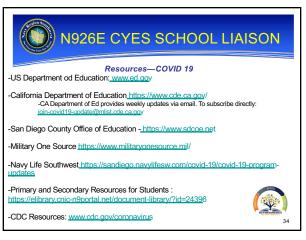






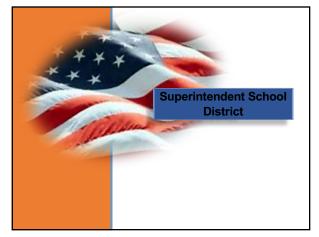




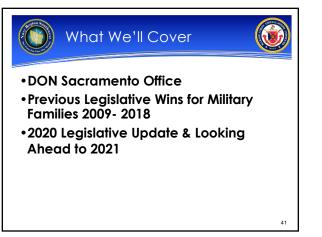






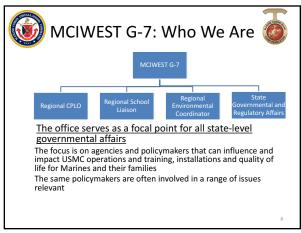


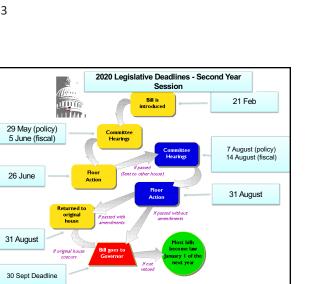


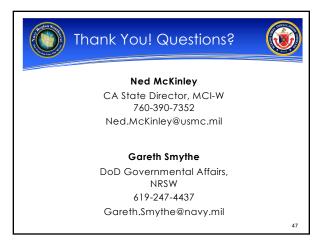


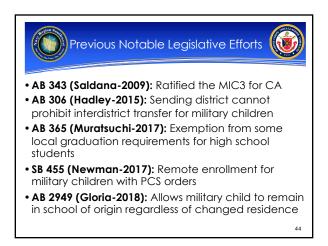


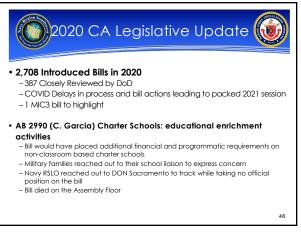
















DEFENSE-STATE LIAISON OFFICE

Working with state policymakers to support military families

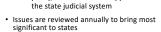


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## What We Do

- Mission is to:
  - Alleviate barriers as a result of military life
  - Harmonize differences in state and federal laws
- Have covered a wide range of state issues:

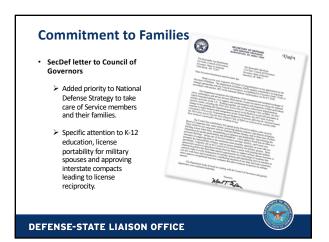
   Family law, education, occupational licensure and employment support, consumer protection, voting, health policy, National Guard support and

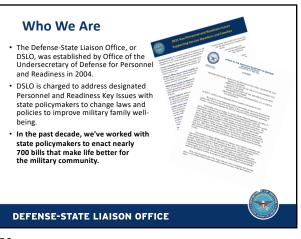


 Accomplish mission through research of potential issues and education, relationships, and assistance with state policymakers.

DEFENSE-STATE LIAISON OFFICE

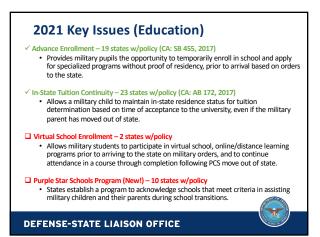
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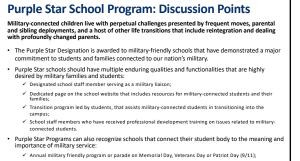
## Virtual School Enrollment: Discussion Points

Military families seek continuity and stability for their children's education. Virtual schools can provide a bridge for military children transitioning between school districts where they may no onger have access to specific curricula.

- If approved, eligible military children could participate without a residence requirement if moving to/from the school within impacted states and for the gaining school, to accept credits taken through the virtual program.
- Military service members are routinely reassigned to new duty stations on a three to four-year rotation, most often in the summer. Children need access to courses while transferring between duty stations to alleviate burdensome schedules when students are required to make up classes in order to graduate without delay.
- When children of military families move midterm, as a result of their parents' service, they are often disadvantaged due to missed deadlines for course completion or registration.
- While the Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children provides opportunities for assistance during transition, it does not address virtual school support which has been made more readily available after the compact was enacted.
- Many states have state-governed virtual school systems that present opportunities to improve transition education assistance. States may consider modifying eligibility criteria to enable military children to participate in virtual school programs while stationed in another state.

## **DEFENSE-STATE LIAISON OFFICE**

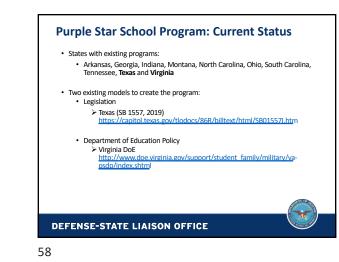
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- Public military display, such as a tribute wall for military-connected students and families
- Military appreciation night at a sporting event:
- Special celebration activities for the Month of the Military Child
   Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) program.

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Virtual School Enrollment: Current Status

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (a)(3) or (b), a student is eligible to enroll in one or more courses provided through the state virtual school network or enroll full-time

States with existing programs:

• Texas and Alabama

Sec. 30A.002. STUDENT ELIGIBILITY.

in courses provided through the network if the student:

(1) is a dependent of a member of the United States military;

(3) does not reside in this state due to a military deployment or transfer.

(2) was previously enrolled in high school in this state; and

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Texas Education Code





